

June 30, 1971, and the next fiscal year", (2) by striking out "1972" and inserting in lieu thereof "1973", and (3) by striking out "July 1, 1971" and inserting in lieu thereof "July 1, 1972".

(b) Section 826 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 297e) is amended by striking out "1974" each place it occurs and inserting in lieu thereof "1975".

82 Stat. 785;  
Post, p. 478.

(c) The first sentence of section 827(a)(1) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 297f) is amended by striking out "next three fiscal years" and inserting in lieu thereof "next four fiscal years".

SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM UNDER TITLE VIII OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH  
SERVICE ACT

SEC. 4. (a) Section 860(b) of the Public Health Service Act is amended (1) by striking out "the next fiscal year" and inserting in lieu thereof "the next two fiscal years", (2) by striking out "1972" in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "1973", and (3) by striking out "1971" in such sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "1972".

42 USC 298c.

(b)(1) Section 860(c)(1)(A) of such Act is amended by striking out "the next fiscal year" and inserting in lieu thereof "the next two fiscal years".

(2) Section 860(c)(1)(B) of such Act is amended (A) by striking out "1971" and inserting in lieu thereof "1972", and (B) by striking out "1972" and inserting in lieu thereof "1973".

TRAINEESHIPS FOR ADVANCED TRAINING OF PROFESSIONAL  
NURSES

SEC. 5. Section 821(a) of the Public Health Service Act is amended by striking out "for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1971" and inserting in lieu thereof "each for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1971, and the next fiscal year".

Post, p. 475.

Approved July 9, 1971.

Public Law 92-53

AN ACT

To authorize appropriations for certain maritime programs of the Department of Commerce, and for other purposes.

July 9, 1971  
[H. R. 4724]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated without fiscal year limitation as the appropriation Act may provide for the use of the Department of Commerce, for the fiscal year 1972, as follows:

Commerce  
Department mari-  
time programs,  
Appropriation  
authorization.

(a) acquisition, construction, or reconstruction of vessels and construction-differential subsidy and cost of national defense features incident to the construction, reconstruction, or reconditioning of ships, \$229,687,000;

(b) payment of obligations incurred for operating-differential subsidy, \$239,145,000;

(c) expenses necessary for research and development activities (including reimbursement of the Vessel Operations Revolving Fund for losses resulting from expenses of experimental ship operations), \$25,000,000;

(d) reserve fleet expenses, \$4,318,000;

(e) maritime training at the Merchant Marine Academy at Kings Point, New York, \$7,300,000; and

(f) financial assistance to State marine schools, \$2,370,000.

Maritime acad-  
emies, vessels.  
72 Stat. 622.

SEC. 2. Section 3 of the Maritime Academy Act of 1958 (46 U.S.C. 1382) is amended by inserting a new subsection (c) to read as follows:

“(c) In any case where the Secretary has not, prior to the enactment of this subsection, furnished a suitable vessel to a State as authorized by subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary may, in lieu of furnishing such a vessel, repair, recondition and equip (including all apparel, charts, books, and instruments of navigation) as necessary, a vessel which is owned by a State on the date of enactment of this subsection, for use as a training vessel for a maritime academy or college meeting the requirements of this Act.”

Approved July 9, 1971.

Public Law 92-54

AN ACT

July 12, 1971  
[S. 31]

To provide during times of high unemployment for programs of public service employment for unemployed persons, to assist States and local communities in providing needed public services, and for other purposes.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the “Emergency Employment Act of 1971”.*

Emergency  
Employment Act  
of 1971.

STATEMENT OF FINDINGS AND PURPOSES

SEC. 2. The Congress finds and declares that—

(1) times of high unemployment severely limit the work opportunities available to the general population, especially low-income persons and migrants, persons of limited English-speaking ability, and others from socioeconomic backgrounds generally associated with substantial unemployment and underemployment;

(2) expanded work opportunities fail, in times of high unemployment, to keep pace with the increased number of persons in the labor force, including the many young persons who are entering the labor force, persons who have recently been separated from military service, and older persons who desire to remain in, enter, or reenter the labor force;

(3) in times of high unemployment, many low-income persons are unable to secure or retain employment, making it especially difficult to become self-supporting and thus increasing the number of welfare recipients;

(4) many of the persons who have become unemployed or underemployed as a result of technological changes or as a result of shifts in the pattern of Federal expenditures, as in the defense, aerospace, and construction industries, could usefully be employed